

JSW Cement Ltd

P.O. Vidyanagar, Village Toranagallu, Dist. Bellary - 583275 Karnataka, India

Phone: 08395-241001 Fax: 08395-241003 Website: www.jsw.in

Date: 22/09/2020

CIN - U26957MH2006PLC160839

To, Regional Officer

Karnataka State Pollution Control Board, Sy No. 597P, Ward No. 25, 4th Main Road, Near Dr. Vishnuvardhana Park, Kuvempunagar, Bellary – 583104.

Dear Sir,

Sub: - Submission of Environment Statement in Form-V for 4.0 MTPA cement grinding unit of JSW Cement Limited, reg.

Ref: - Combined Consent Order No AW-312625, dated 13.05.2019 Environmental Clearance No: IA-J-11011/540/2017-IA-II(I) dated 01.02.2018

With reference to the above subject, please find enclosed here with the Environment Statement in Form-V for the financial year 2019-2020 for 4.0 MTPA cement grinding unit of M/s JSW Cement Limited.

Thanking You,

Yours Faithfully, For JSW Cement Ltd

Rajkumar Dhempe Plant Head

BENGALURU-560001

Copy to:

Member Secretary,

Karnataka State Pollution Control Board
#49, 4th & 5th floor

Parisara Bhavan, Church Street





Regd.Office:JSW Center, Bandra Kurla Complex. Bandra (East), Mumbai 400051

Phone: 022-42461000 Fax: 022-26502001

ENVIRONMENT STATEMENT REPORT

(Form-V)

[Year 2019 - 2020] REPORT BY



(JSW Cement Ltd, Vijayanagar Works)
Cement Grinding Unit
Vidyanagar (P.O) Toranagallu (V), Sandur (Tq)
Bellary - 583275

INTRODUCTION

Man is a part of nature, and not separate or independent; at the same time, man is unique in the influence he has over nature. Man derives all his food, clothing, shelter, and other amenities from nature. In that process, if he does not take care to protect and cherish nature, but decrease or destroys, he will find that his own life and that of his children is in jeopardy.

The environment, a word as it stands today is not simple; it is not a fashionable word, but has got established definitions incorporates limitless complexities, bear definite power to put everybody under a flood of worries and pushes us to plan for betterment with minimum problems. The environment is now catching for all, the industry, the government, the people. Hence, it is joint responsibility to protect, preserve the environment and avoid the perishing the natural treasures. At this critical junction of time and efforts, the Indian industry has fulfilled its commitment in maintaining the environmental integrity.

JSW Cement Limited considers itself responsible for Environment and Society. We are committed to emission reduction, climate protection, effective energy management, responsible use of resources and its conservation keeping in mind that "Today's Need – Future of Our Children".

The next few pages of this Environment Statement Report (ESR) of JSW Cement Limited is based on actual data and verified record, will present a picture of more optimism for environmental care than ever before.

JSW Cement Ltd: is the new diversification foray of JSW Group, a part of US \$ 14 billion Group, has grown into various core economic sectors – Steel, Energy, Cement, Infrastructure, Paints and IT. The group has plants located in various parts of the world.

JSW group is fast adding capacity in steel and power manufacturing. As a result, large quantity of slag and fly ash is being generated, disposal of which caused serious problem. In order to use both these waste materials i.e. slag and fly ash, cement manufacturing is one of the best options. Slag can be used as much as 50 - 70% of clinker in cement manufacturing while fly ash is limited to be used maximum up to 35%, usually restricted to 30%.

JSW Cement's first plant was set up at Vijayanagar, District Bellary in Karnataka with a capacity of 0.60 million tonnes per annum in 2008, enhanced cement plant 3.60 MTPA in the year 2017 and again enhanced cement plant 4.0 MTPA in the year 2019. The plant uses the latest German Technology supplied by M/s KHD Humbolt Wedag. JSW Cement is a slag based blended cement, manufactured by using granulated blast furnace slag from the Group's steel plant and manufacturing Composite Cement by using fly ash from the Group's energy plant, saving valuable natural resources. This is a giant step by the company towards providing cement that is strong, durable and at the same time ecofriendly.

Besides producing Portland Slag Cement (PSC), the company also manufactures Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBS) and Composite Cement. GGBS is preferred by almost all concrete manufacturers across South India as an additive material for cement for better quality concrete. In order to achieve consistency in product quality, we have for the first time in the world adopted the technology of grinding both raw materials as well as cement by using Combi Flex Roller Press in finished mode with dynamic separator. This facility enables us to produce and supply much finer and uniform quality cement. The company has pioneered a modern plant for the first time in the world that uses Combi finish mode Roller Press Circuit for grinding and manufacturing both PSC and GGBS.

The slag cement and composite cement not only preserves the natural resources but also helps in improving the Durability of the Concrete Structures. Use of Slag Cement to produce Concrete can significantly improve durability of the concrete in several ways and consequently extend the life of concrete structures. During the life of the structure, the compressive strength of Slag Cement significantly increases well beyond the 28 days

specified strength more than the concrete made from OPC or PPC. Slag Cement has higher resistance to sulphate and chloride attack and also controls the expansion due to Alkali-Silica Reaction hence it is recommended for marine structures.

The dust emitted from various machines is controlled by state of art air pollution control equipments provided such as bag house and bag filters. The emission sources in the cement plant are mainly process dust emission and fugitive dust emissions.

Water Pollution is virtually absent in the cement plant as no liquid were generated from the manufacturing process. The water is used for cooling the machines/parts of the machines. A WTP – Cooling Water Tower is being maintained for the circulation of water for the entire plant. The major area of domestic water consumption inside the plant is for drinking, toilet, for canteen use. Domestic waste water is treated in STP and treated water is used in dust suppression & Green Belt Development.

The policy for the abatement of pollution by the government of India provides for submission of environment statement by all the industries. Environmental Statement is therefore an output of Environmental Audit.

So an effort has been made in this report to explain Environmental Statement for the financial year 2019-2020 ended 31st March 2020 as per Government of India notification GSR 329 (E), dated 13th March 1992 and amendment to Environmental (Protection) Rules 1986 and subsequent amendment there on.

ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT REPORT

[FORM-V] (See rule 14)

PART-A

Name and address of the owner/

Occupier of the industry

Nilesh Narwekar

Director & CEO

JSW Cement Limited, Vijayanagar

Works, Vidyanagar (P.O),

Toranagallu (V), Bellary (District)

Karnataka-583275

Operation process

Production of Cement

i. Industry category: Primary- (STC code)

Secondary- (STC code)

Red category

ii. Production category-units

4.0 MTPA (Cement Grinding Unit) (Portland Slag Cement, Ground

Granulated Blast Furnace Slag and

Composite Cement

iii. Year of establishment

2008

iv. Date of last environmental statement submitted

25.09.2019

PART-B

Water is from JSW Steel is the major source of water for this plant. Due to moderate rainfall in this region there is always drastic variation in the yield of water from these sources and almost this area is suffering from water shortage. In this view company is also operating a Sewage Treatment Plant to treat the entire domestic waste water of the factory and recycled and reused for dust suppression, and also for watering the tree plants and gardening for abatement of pollution in the area.

The water consumption for 2019-2020 is shown the table given below and the consumption of water is measured with the help of water meters which are installed at different points of sources.

The Raw material consumption and Cement production are tabulated as shown in the (Annexure -1).

(i) Water Consumption (m³/day):

Particulars	During Previous Financial Year (2018-2019)	During Current Financial Year (2019-2020)
Process Cooling	192.0	232.0
Domestic	32.2	30.3

Name of	Process water consumption per	unit of products output (m³/ton)
products	During the previous financial year (2018-2019)	During the current financial year (2019-2020)
GGBS	0.020	0.023
PSC	0.019	0.030
OPC	0.0	0.039
CPC	0.029	0.031

(ii) Raw material consumption: MT

Name of raw		Consumption of raw material per unit of (Cement) output					
materials	Name of products	During the previous financial year (2018-2019)	During the current financial year (2019-2020)				
Clinker		0.350	0.387				
Gypsum	PSC	0.025	0.021				
Slag	rsc	0.662	0.591				
Fly Ash		0.002	0				
Slag	GGBS	1.0	1.0				
Clinker		0.940	0.916				
Gypsum	OPC	0.055	0.051				
Fly Ash/Slag		0.005	0.033				
Clinker	CPC	0.541	0.519				

Gvpsum	0.020	0.020
Fly Ash	0.201	0.248
Slag	0.237	0.213

PART-C

The impact of the cement plant pollution on the environment is limited to its immediate surrounding areas. In reality dust pollution is the only environmental problem in & around the plant. Although the dust produced while manufacturing of cement is nontoxic, nonflammable and non-corrosive. It does constitute a nuisance to a little extent. So the company has adopted several technological measures to completely avoid to the possible extent of the dust emissions at the source itself.

Water pollution is virtually absent as no liquid is generated during manufacturing process. The water here is used for cooling the machines/parts of the machine. A WTP – Cooling Tower is being maintained for the circulation of water for the entire plant. The major area of domestic water consumption inside the plant is for domestic (Drinking, Toilet, Colony and for Canteen use).

The company is monitoring the dust level concentration at all the emission sources by batch sampling technique. The quantity of pollutants discharged are calculated an average emission level taken from monthly stack monitoring reports.

Pollution discharged to environment/unit of output:

(Parameter as specified in the consent issued). Annexure-2

(i) Pollutants	Quantity of discharged (-		ns of pollutants (mass/volume)	Percentage of variation from prescribed standards with reasons					
(a) Water	No Waste water is generated from the Cement Process									
	kgs/c	lay	mg,	′Nm³						
	VRM - PM	74.8	VRM - PM	26.2						
(b) Air	RP1&2 - PM	142.73	RP1&2 - PM	27.3	No deviation					
	RP3&4 - PM	132.1	RP3&4 - PM	26.0						

<u>PART-D</u> Hazardous Wastes

[As specified under Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement)
Rules, 2008]

		Tot	l Quantity		
Haz	ardous Wastes	During the Previous Financial year (2018-2019)	During the Current Financial year (2019-2020)		
(a) Errama Divagaga	(a) Used Oil (Category 5.1)	2.34 KL	Nil (Used Oil Generated 5.5 KL and it will be disposed in this year)		
(a) From Process	(b) Oil Soaked Cotton Waste (Category 5.2)	Nil	Nil (Oil Soaked Cotton Waste Generated 0.5 MT and it will be disposed in this year)		
(b) From Pollution control Facilities	NA	Nil	Nil		

The Waste oil generated at different sections in the plant is being collected in the hazardous waste oil platform especially made for the purpose. Waste oil so collected in the leak proof container (M.S. Barrels) is being sold to the authorized reprocessors/recyclers.

New Batteries purchased from the dealers/agency during the period April-2019 to March-2020 Form VIII has been submitted.

PART-E

	Total Quantity (Cemen	Total Quantity (Cement Mill Bag house Dust)					
Solid Wastes	During the previous financial year (2018-2019)	During the current financial (2019-2020)					
(a) From process	No Solid Waste is generated from Process	No Solid Waste is generated from Process					
(b) From pollution control facility	Collected materials in Baghouse and Bag filters have been recycled	Collected materials in Baghouse and Bag filters have been recycled					
(c) Quantity recycled or re-utilized	100%	100%					

PART-F

Please specify the characteristics (in terms of composition of quantum) of Hazardous as well as solid wastes and indicate disposal practice adopted for both these categories of wastes.

Hazardous waste:

As per Hazardous and other wastes (management and transboundary movement) rules 2016, hazardous waste generated in the industry are of two types i.e.., is 5.1 Used oil and 5.2 Oil soaked cotton waste. All of these generated wastes are stored on the concrete platform in designated location and disposed to KSPCB/CPCB authorized vendors. (*Annexure-3*)

Solid waste:

- ➤ Solid waste in the industry is generated from the pollution control facilities and is been recycled.
- > There is no solid waste generated during the process of cement manufacturing.
- > Refractory bricks of hot air generation and Mild steel scrap generated is disposed to party for further use/ recycling.
- > Sludge generated from the STP was utilized as manure after drying and composting along with garden waste.

PART-G

Impact of pollution abatement measures taken on conservation of natural resources and on the cost of production.

➤ Cement Production is being operated on dry process technology, which is cost effective and environmentally clean technology. The advantage of dry process is also in fuel economy. The stack emissions from the plant are controlled by equipment like Bag Houses & Bag Filters are installed at various material transfer points and to arrest the fugitive emissions. The

particulate matter collected in the pollution control equipment is recycled in process. (Annexure-4)

- Raw materials are being stored covered yard. (Annexure-5)
- The conveyor belts are fully covered and installed bag filters at transfer points for arresting the fugitive emissions. (*Annexure-6*)
- Clinker, Fly ash and cement is being stored in silos.
- Water sprinkling for dust suppression on the road, truck & bulker parking area and clinker unloading area in and around the plant is being done. (*Annexure-7*)
- > STP treated water used for the plantation purpose and dust suppression. (Annexure-8)
- Rainwater harvesting Tank has been constructed at the plant area, for recharging ground reduce the consumption of surface water. (*Annexure-9*)
- > Development of extensive green belt in and around the plant. (Annexure-10)

PART-H

Additional measures/investment proposal for environmental protection including abatement of pollution, prevention of pollution

- ➤ Continuous efforts are always being made to maintain the environment clean and dust free and we have upgraded pollution control systems and also adequate quantity of Pollution Control Equipment I.e. Bag House, Water Sprinkler, STP, Green Belt Development.
- > Regularly we are monitoring ambient air quality, Noise level and stack monitoring & water analysis.
- ➤ Online Continuous Emission Monitoring system installed for 03 nos of Stacks and continuous ambient air quality monitoring system installed surrounding boundary zone by steel. (Annexure-11)
- > Construction of concrete in parking area inside the plant to reduce fugitive dust emission in Phase manner.
- > Scheduled maintenance and monitoring of all Air Pollution Control Device's (APCD'S) like Bag Filters and Bag House are being regularly undertaken to ensure their efficient operations in order to keep emissions level within the prescribed limit.
- > Rain Harvesting ponds of capacity 40000 litres are constructed for harvesting rain water during rainy season and utilized for green belt or ground water recharge.
- > Green belt development and tree plantation is our on-going process. We are doing new plantation to increase the bio-diversity of the area.
- > Total plant area is 150 acres out of which plantation will be done in 33% area which is 49.5 acres. Presently 13091 nos of plants and 31333 nos of shrubs in 45 acres have been planted inside the plant, which is around 30% green area of the total plant area.
- > Deployment of Manpower for cleaning the internal road for controlling fugitive emission.

PART- I

Any other particular in respect of environmental protection and abatement of pollution

> JSW Cement Limited has implemented of ISO 14001:2015 EMS and compliance monitored through periodic management review & internal and external audits. (*Annexure-12*)

- Awareness programs like plantation activities, Slogan competition, drawing competition & Essay competition was organized for Employees & Families of Employees for awareness on environment protection on 5th June (World Environment Day). (Annexure-13)
- > Improvement in Ambient Air Quality through effective control on fugitive dust emission.
- Extensive green belt is being developing surround the boundary & inside plant premises.
- > Distribution of saplings, tables through CSR activities in the schools of surrounding villages.

Raw Material Consumption Financial Year 2019-2020 (Annexure-1).

	Raw M	aterial Consu	mption 201	19-2020	
Year	Product	Clinker (MT)	Slag (MT)	Gypsum (MT)	Fly ash (MT)
	PSC	0	0	0	0
A 10 to May 2020	GGBS	0	2019963.86	0	0
Apr-19 to Mar-2020	OPC	321201.49	11521.09	17775.98	0
	CPC	52200.46	21386.37	2015.56	24899.22
Total	711	373401.95	2052871.32	19791.54	24899.22

Production Report Financial Year 2019-2020

		Production			
Array 10 to May 2020	PSC (MT)	GGBS (MT)	OPC (MT)	CPC (MT)	Total (MT)
Apr-19 to Mar-2020	778892.25	2019963.86	350498.5	100501.62	3249856.23
Total	778892.25	2019963.86	350498.5	100501.62	3249856.23

Statement Showing Power Consumption Plant for the Year 2019-2020.

Power Cons	umption	
Apr-19 to Mar-2020	Units	84653900.0

Ambient Air Quality Report (Annexure-2)

	T 6 ~		JSW Cen	JSW Cement Limited	ted				
	Ambient Air		eport for	Quality Report for the year 2019-2020	019-2020			Unit:	hg/m3
Location	Parameters	Limits	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Avg
	PM(10) (µg/m3)	100µg/m3	57.1	68.2	68.2	71.3	67.5	71.3	64.38
Near Main	PM(2.5) (µg/m3)	60µg/m3	21.3	25.6	25.6	25	24.3	24.6	24.34
Gate (A1)	SO2 (µg/m3)	80µg/m3	6	12.1	12.1	13.3	14	13.4	12.48
	Nox (µg/m3)	80µg/m3	15.6	14.2	14.2	14.6	17.8	15.3	17.76
	PM(10) (µg/m3)	100µg/m3	56.6	69.4	73.1	8.99	6.79	67.4	63.40
Near Back	PM(2.5) (µg/m3)	60µg/m3	20.7	27.5	30.4	27.4	27.1	24.7	24.44
Gate (A2)	SO2 (µg/m3)	80µg/m3	8.1	12	14.4	13.4	14.7	14	12.05
,	Nox (µg/m3)	80µg/m3	12.7	16.2	18.2	15.8	16.6	16	17.68
	DM(10) (/203)	100.10/202	61.1	867	7 77	79	1799	1 63	88 27
	(CITIZE) (OT) INT I	CITI/SHOOT	04.1	0.50	2.00	P .	H.00	170	00.00
Near Main	PM(2.5) (µg/m3)	60µg/m3	21.2	25.5	26.7	25.1	23.9	21.4	23.97
Stores (A3)	SO2 (µg/m3)	80µg/m3	9.5	11.9	13.9	12.8	12.2	12	12.05
	Nox (µg/m3)	80µg/m3	18.4	13.4	15	13.4	15.5	14.8	15.08
	PM(10) (µg/m3)	100µg/m3	58.2	71.1	72	71.3	66.1	68.3	65.41
Near Chiller	PM(2.5) (µg/m3)	60µg/m3	20.8	25.8	26.1	27	24.3	26.6	25.50
Room (A4)	SO2 (µg/m3)	80µg/m3	6	11.5	13.6	12.8	12.5	13.4	12.68
	Nox (µg/m3)	80µg/m3	17.7	13.2	13.7	13.5	14.5	15.4	17.40

Stack Emission Monitoring Report

Avg		26.3	33.3	107	121	43.0	7.00	26.0	32.2	43.0
	16 03 2020	36.6	40,2	91.6	26.2	34.1	38.9	27.4	26.1	33.8
Mar-20	04 03 2020 1	24.8	22.4	28.6	26.6	33.8	38.7	28.8	25,4	31.6
0	17,02,2020 0	21.6	20.9	23.1	26,26	T#	44.57	24.47	31	39.96
Feb-20	03.02.2020	28.2	18.9	22.3	26.3	36.8	42.5	24.5	25	407
20	22.01.2020	29.2	199	9.69	27.5	34.2	F 0†	25	29.6	39.2
Jan-20	08.01.2020	25.1	20.3	24.8	27.1	34.6	40.2	26.2	28.8	38.4
-19	27.12.2019	26.5	20.5	23.5	27.8	36.5	911	797	27.6	37.9
Dec-19	10.12.2019	23.2	18.6	21.4	27.8	36.5	44.6	26.8	21.6	30.5
Nov-19	9 22.11.2019	23.6	19.2	23.9	27.5	32.5	41.5	26.5	27.5	41.2
.oN	09.11.201	24.5	19.8	24.2	26,5	33.5	42.5	25.5	28.5	39.2
Oct-19	31.10.2019	23.2	18.8	20.6	28.6	32.5	40.7	25	23.5	32.6
Sep-19	20.09.2019	20.7	19.6	23,7	24,4	36.6	41.1	23,3	26.4	38.9
Aug-19	20.08.2019	27.6	52.3	65.4	26.8	62.1	80.2	24.3	44.2	56.5
Jul-19	10.07.2019	292	55.9	68.2	28.2	64.4	83.1	26.2	46.2	59.5
Jun-19	20.06.2019	32.8	54.8	62.4	29.8	582	82.1	28.6	42.8	54.2
May-19	22.04.2019 13.05.2019 20.06.20	30.1	51.4	63.2	26.3	60.1	81	26.3	46.3	57.1
Арт-19	22.04.2015	3 29	13 56.1	13 69.3	30.9	13 64.2	F3 87.1	3 26.2	13 46.2	13 59.1
Limit		30 mg/Nm³	100 mg/Nm ³	800 mg/Nm ³	30 mg/Nm ³	100 mg/Nm ³	800 mg/Nm ³	30 mg/Nm ³	100 mg/Nm ³	800 mg/Nm ³
Parameters	Date	Particulate Matter	Sox	Nox	Particulate Matter	Sox	Nox	Particulate Matter 30 mg/Nm³	Sox	Nox
Stack			VPM Chack	Y IVINI OIGILE		RP 1& 2 Stack	J.		RP 3 & 4 Stack	

AMBIENT NOISE LEVEL (PLANT) [Leq Value in dB(A)]

							Voise	Level	Mon	itoric	ıg Rej	Noise Level Monitoring Report (2019-2020)	2019-2	:020)										
	Ap	Apr-19 May-19	May	y-19		Jun-19 Jul-19	Jul.	19	Aug-19	-19	Sep-	Sep-19	Oct-19	61	Nov-	Nov-19 Dec-19	Dec-1	6	Jan-20	0.	Feb-20		Mar-20	0:
											Av	Avg in dB(A) Leq	A) Lec										3	
Locations	Day	Day Night Day Night Day	Day	Night		Night	Day 1	Vight	Day 1	Vight	Day	Night Day Night	ay N	light [Jay N	ight I	Jay N	ight L	lay N	ight	Jay N	ight Da	V.	ight
Near Main Gate	51.6	51.6 60 68.2 64.5 51.9	68.2	64.5	51.9	50.5	59.7	58.2	56.3	48.3	71	58.2 56.3 48.3 71 66.9 72.2 60.6 69.1	7.2	30.6 E	9.1	99	38.3	5.4 6	9.7	8.3 4	6.6	66 68.3 65.4 69.7 68.3 49.9 48.5 71.1		67.1
Near Back Gate	54.6	54.6 58.3 65.1 65 54.7	65.1	65	54.7	54.6	58.4	62.6	62.3	59.7	70.2	54.6 58.4 62.6 62.3 59.7 70.2 66.1 57.9 53.5 70.9	1 67.	3.5 7	6.0	67 E	57.4 6	5.4 6	9.1	8.2 5	0.7	67 67.4 65.4 69.1 68.2 50.7 52.1 68.9	-	64.1
Near Main Store	57.9	57.9 61.3 67.6 63.3 52.8	9.79	63.3	52.8	58.4	69.4	64.2	54.4	57.8	65	58.4 69.4 64.2 54.4 57.8 65 63.5 64.2 59.8 70.7 65.5 70.4 65.9 69.2 65.3 52.5 46.5 70.1	4.2	7 8.65	70.7	5.5 7	70.4 6	5.9 6	9.2 (5.3 5	2.5	16.5 70		65
Near Chiller Room	61.9	61.9 63.3 69.4 68.1 66.6	69.4	68.1	9.99	66.1	71.7	68.2	66.5	71.5	71.3	66.1 71.7 68.2 66.5 71.5 71.3 66.1 63.3 58.2 69.5 67.4 70.1 66.7 70.2 67.7 67.9 66.6 71.8	3.3	58.2 (t	9.5	57.4 7	70.1 6	6.7 7	0.2	7.7	7.9	9.99	.8 68.3	8.3

Details of Pollution Control Measures installed at various location (Annexure-4)

S. No.	Location of PCM	PCM
1	Vertical Roller Mill	Bag House
2	Roller Press 1 & 2	Bag House
3	Roller Press 3 & 4	Bag House
4	Clinker Silo	Bag Filter
5	Cement Silo (5 no's)	Bag Filter
6	Fly ash Silo	Bag Filter
7	Packing House	Bag Filter
8	All transferring points of raw material handling and product.	Bag Filter
9	Sewage treatment plant for domestic sewage	Sewage treatment plant (60 KLD)
10	Green belt development in the premises	Green belt development

Raw materials are being stored covered yard (Annexure-5)





Conveyor belts are fully covered and Installed bag filters at all transfer points (Annexure-6)



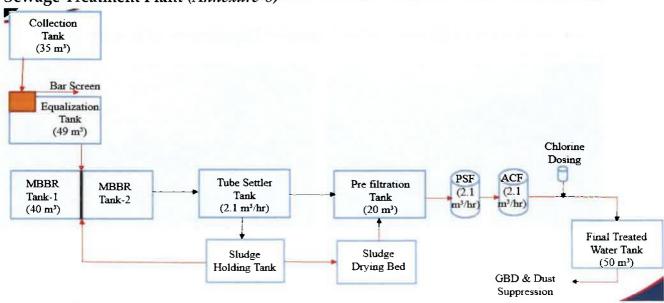


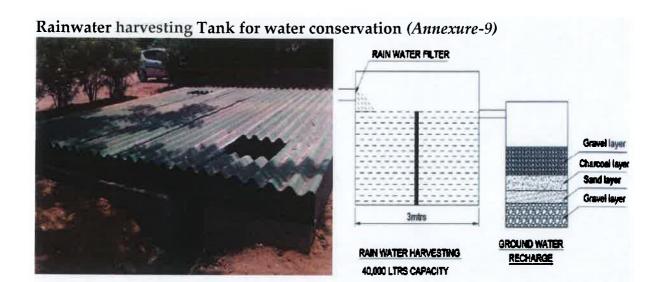


Water sprinkling for dust suppression (Annexure-7)



Sewage Treatment Plant (Annexure-8)





Green belt development (Annexure-10) Year wise plantation at Plantation

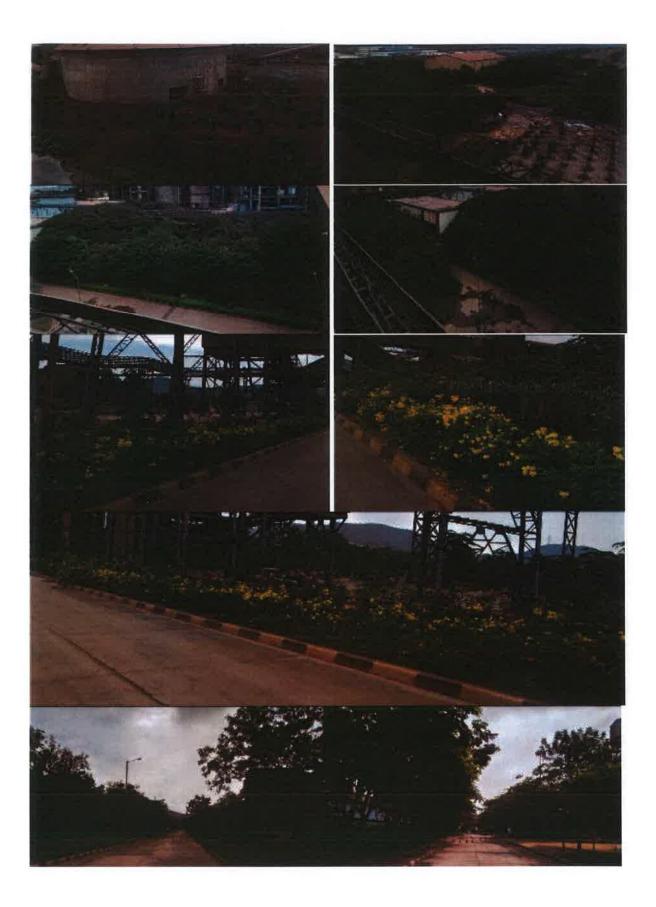
	Plantat	tion Details	
Year	No. of Shrubs Plantation	No. of Trees Plantation	Lawn Area Sqmt
2009-10	500	500	
2010-11	1000	1000	
2011-12	2000	1000	
2012-13	2000	1000	
2013-14	2500	1200	
2014-15	1500	1000	
2015-16	1500	300	
2016-17	1500	220	
2017-18	6750	326	637
2018-19	7850	5297	2030
2019-20	4233	1248	1080
	31333	13091	3747

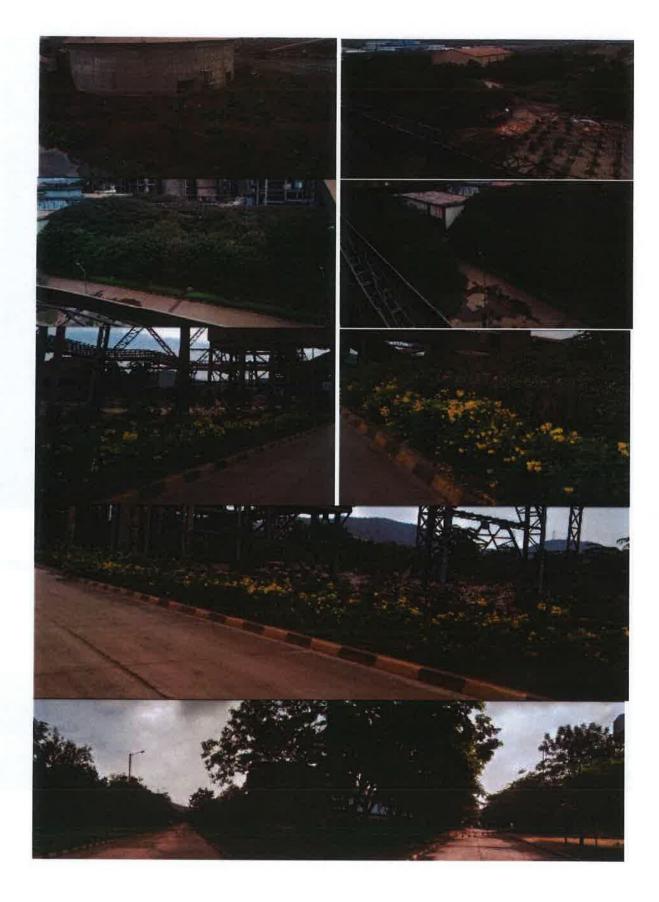
Total area: 150 acres.

Total area of Green Belt Development: 45 acres (Until March 2020)

Types of Species planted: Tecomo goudichoudi, Nerium pink oberoy,

Tabernamopntana Single, Cizelpenia, Alstonia, Pheltophorum, Neem, Samanea Saman, Ficus Regenald, Areca Plam, Conocarpus, Tacoma stans, Nerium oleander, Tabibia Rosea, Gulimor, Cardia, Banumia, Ficus banjamine, Tree Jasmine, Raintree, and Teak.



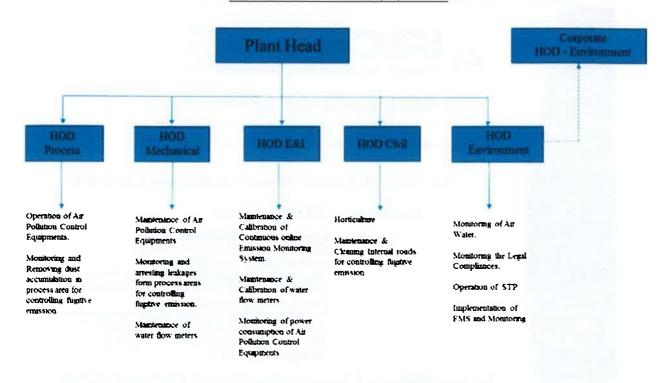




Online Continuous Emission Monitoring System and data is displayed near main gate (Annexure-11)



Details of Environmental Cell





CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL

Issued by Indian Register Quality Systems
(A Division of IRCLASS Systems and Solutions Private Limited)

This is to certify that the Environmental Management Systems of

Organisation:

JSW Cement Limited

Address:

<u>Nandyal Unit</u>: Bilakalagudur Village, Gadivemula Mandal, Kurnool District,

Andhra Pradesh - 518 508

Vijayanagar Grinding Unit: Vijayanagar Works, Torangallu, P.O. Vidhya Nagar, Sandur Taluk,

District Bellary, Karnataka - 583 275

Hyderabad Marketing Office: Babukhan Millenium Centre, 6-3-1099/1100, No. 702, 7th Floor, Block A, Somajiguda, Hyderabad - 500 082,

Telangana State, India

has been assessed and found conforming to the following requirement

Standard:

ISO 14001:2015

Scope:

Mining of Lime Stone, Manufacture, Marketing and Supply of Portland Slag Cement (PSC), Composite Cement, Ordinary Portland Cement (OPC) and Ground Granulated Blast Furnace

Slag (GGBS)

For detailed Scope:

Refer Annexure

Certificate No.:

IRQS/190300391

Original Certification Date:

21/05/2013

Current Date of Granting :

04/05/2019

Expiry Date

04/05/2022



Shashi Nath Mishra

Head IRQS

This approval is subject to continued satisfactory maintenance of the Environmental Management Systems of the organization to the above standard, which will be monitored by IRQS. The use of the Accreditation Mark indicates accreditation with respect to activities covered by the certificate with accreditation no. CO71. Condition. Overleaf.

COA/IRQS/RvA/EMS/Rev. 00

Head Office: 52A, Adi Shankaracharya Marg, Opp. Powai Lake, Powai, Mumbai - 400 072, India.

Corporate Environment Policy

JSW Cement Ltd. (JSWCL) is committed to meeting the needs of customers and other stakeholders at large in an environmentally sound manner, through continuous improvement in environmental performance in all its activities. Management at all levels, jointly with employees, is responsible and will be held accountable for company's environmental performance.

Accordingly, JSWCL aims to:

Protect the environment and prevent pollution through implementing best available technologies and practices.

Ensure safety of its products and operations for the environment by using standards of environmental safety, which are scientifically sustainable and commonly acceptable.

Develop, introduce and maintain environmental management systems across the company to meet the company standards as well as statutory requirements relating to environment and verify compliance with these standards through regular auditing.

Assess environmental impact of all its activities and set continual improvement objectives and targets and review these periodically to ensure that these are being met at the individual unit and corporate level.

Reduce waste, conserve energy and explore opportunities for reuse and recycle.

Optimum utilization of industrial waste as alternative raw materials and fuel to conserve natural resources

Encourage efficient use of natural resources including energy, water and utilities, fuels, raw materials and food.

Promote use of renewable energy

Be a water positive unit by adopting rainwater harvesting in and around the facilities

Integrate the consideration of environmental concerns and impacts at the design, planning and operational stages of our activities.

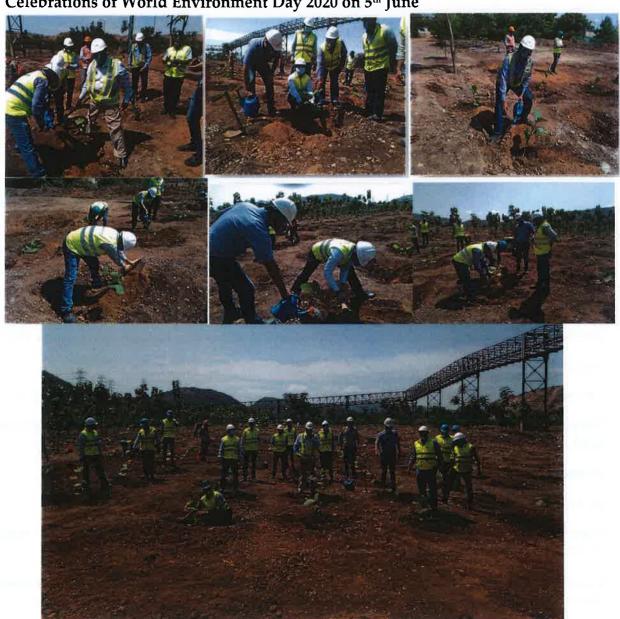
Develop and maintain procedures/ processes to bring into focus any infringement/ deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions to the Board of Directors and stakeholders at large

Involve all employees in the implementation of this Policy and provide appropriate training. Provide for dissemination of information to employees on environmental objectives and performance through suitable communication networks.

Encourage suppliers & service providers to develop and employ environmentally superior processes and ingredients and co-operate with other members of the supply chain to improve overall environmental performance.

Work in partnership with external bodies and Government agencies to promote environmental care, increase understanding of environmental issues and disseminate good practices.

Celebrations of World Environment Day 2020 on 5th June



"Let us give our coming generations a healthier and happier environment to have a beautiful life"

21 2011 00	Total Cost	-	1500000	1000000	4.86
	It development		4500000	4500000	0.45
	nent monitoring equipment's		552000	552000	0.06
	concreating of internal roads (Fugitive emission control measures)			41000000	4.10
	er harvesting		500000	500000	0.21
TD (Servi	age Treatment Plant) 60 KLD		2068776	2068776	0.21
С	Belt Conveyor shed (Tones) Total Cost	620	66000	40920000	4.09 9.47
b	Gypsum Sheds (Tones)	550	66000	36300000	3.63
a	CSP Sheds (Tones)	265	66000	17490000	1.75
	ure on belt covering, material storage sheds (Fugitive emission contro		((000	17100000	
	Total Cost				6.09
f	On line Stack dust monitor system	1	1001596	1001596	0.10
e	Bag filter transfer point	2	547070	1094140	0.11
d	Feed group Bag filter	5	2735902	13679510	1.37
С	Reject building bag filter	2	920114	1840228	0.18
b	Packing plant bag filters CEMPPBF024	4	1160078	4640312	0.46
a	VRM Bag house cost	1	38616440	38616440	3.86
ir Pollu	tion control measures in VRM area				
	Total Cost				11.27
f	On line Stack dust monitor system	2	451350	902700	0.09
e	Silo extraction & packing plant	1	12012000	12012000	1.20
d	Beumer	1	500000	500000	0.05
С	Bag Filter (Rieco)	11	5200000	5200000	0.52
b	Bag Filter (KHD)	2	7690400	15380800	1.54
a	Bag House RP mill area	4	19679100	78716400	7.87
ir Pollu	tion control measures in RP mill area				
Sl. No	Description	Qty	Unit Rate	Lakhs	Crores
		_		Total in	Total in

'l NI-	Description	Amount in Lakhs
Sl. No	Description	Amount in Lakits
	Afforestation	38
	Environment Monitoring	4.95
	General Environment Mana	gement
	Bag Filter & Bag House Maintenance	70.42
	Bag House & Bag Filter Power Consumption	811
	STP Operation & Maintenance	4.53
	STP Power Consumption	2.9
	7 Environmental Awarness	3.6
	Water Tanker for Sprinkling	4.3
	Total	896.75
	Grand Total	939.7